The dashboard serves to collate information and compare commissioners and providers within the South West Strategic Clinical Network region (http://www.swscn.org.uk/) in relation to a variety of indicators about Cancer. This dashboard is a synthesis of publicly available data provided through a variety of sources including the NHS Outcomes Framework (see http://www.indicators.ic.nhs.uk/webview/), NHS England and the National Cancer Intelligence Network. Data are briefly outlined here.

**Age standardised Cancer incidence per 100,000 population (excluding non-melanoma skin cancer):** In 2012 the incidence of Cancer was 599 per 100,000 people. In the South West SCN area the incidence of Cancer appeared to be similar to the rate reported for England. The Cancer incidence rate reported for Bristol CCG was in the upper quartile of Cancer incidence rates reported in England (696.7); whilst the Cancer incidence rate reported for Kernow was reported in the lower quartile of rates reported nationally (570.0).

**Under 75 mortality from rates from cancer (ALL) DSR per 100,000:** Data from 2013 suggests that under 75 mortality from Cancer appears similar to the English average (122.1 people per 100,000); except for South Gloucestershire, Somerset and Bath and North East Somerset CCG which had mortality rates reported in the lower quartile of rates reported in England (109.6, 110.4 & 102.6 respectively). See note below on how England compares internationally.

**One year survival (%) of all cancers (ages 15-99):** In 2011 one year survival rates for all Cancers in the South West were reported in the upper quartile of survival rates reported in England (range Kernow & Gloucestershire 69.1% - South Devon & Torbay 71.4%). This was true for all CCGs except Swindon CCG which had a 1 year survival rate reported in the lower quartile of rates reported in England (66.5%). These trends are mirrored for one year survival rates for breast, lung and colorectal cancer. However, survival rates for Somerset and Wiltshire were no longer reported in the upper quartile; instead they were reported to be close to the England average of 69.3%. See note below on how England compares internationally.

**Early detection: percentage of cancers detected at stage 1 & 2:** The percentage of Cancers detected in stage 1 & 2 in 2012 appeared to be comparatively high in the South West SCN region compared to the England average of 41.6%. South Devon & Torbay, NEW Devon, North Somerset, Somerset, Bath and North East Somerset, Gloucestershire and Wiltshire CCG's were reported as having early detection rates in the upper quartile of rates reported in England (range Gloucestershire 46.8% - Bath and North East Somerset 57.1%). However, there is a data quality issue in relation to this measure. None of the data reported for any CCG met the target of having a completion rate of above 70.0%. Therefore caution is advised when interpreting this indicator.

**All cancers two week wait (% seen):** In terms of the diagnosis process during Q1 2014/2015 the South West SCN region appear to be largely successful in meeting the target of seeing 93.0% of urgent cancer referrals within two weeks. However, two providers did not achieve this target. Gloucestershire Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust did not achieve the target but was fairly close (90.5% of referrals were seen with 2 weeks) and Northern Devon Healthcare NHS Trust did not achieve the target and had a notable lower rate of 76.7%.

**Percentage of people (diagnosis to treatment) within 31 days: all cancers:** During Q1 2014/2015, the South West SCN region again appeared to be largely successful in meeting the target of 96.0% of Cancer cases starting treatment for Cancer within 31 days after decision to treat. Again two providers were unsuccessful in meeting this target. Royal Devon and Exeter NHS Foundation Trust narrowly missed out on the target by 0.1% and North Bristol NHS Trust were 5.4% below the target.

**Percentage of people receiving first treatment for cancer within 62-days (urgent GP referral to treatment): all cancers:** During Q1 2014/2015, ten of the fourteen NHS providers met the target of treating 85.0% of people for cancer within 62 days. Four providers did not achieve the target. Royal Devon and Exeter NHS Foundation Trust, Northern Devon Healthcare NHS Trust and University Hospitals Bristol NHS Foundation Trust were approximately 5.0% under the target and North Bristol NHS Trust were roughly 10.0% under the target.

**Number of peer review (external assessments and internal assessments) under 80%/Total number of external assessments:** The peer review assessments highlight that all trusts had areas of Cancer care that warranted improvement (were assessed as below 80%). Please see the CQuINs website for details of the areas that need to be improved.

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**See note below on how England compares internationally.**
National Cancer Patient Experience Survey - Q70 Percentage of Patient’s rating of care ‘excellent’/‘very good’: The 2014 survey of the Cancer Patient Experience Survey showed that 90.0% of Cancer patients across the South West SCN region rated their care as excellent. Scores ranged from 87.0% (Plymouth Hospitals NHS Trust, Northern Devon Healthcare NHS Trust, North Bristol NHS Trust and Great Western Hospitals NHS Trust) to 94.0% (Royal United Hospitals Bath NHS Trust).

NOTE
How England compares internationally
Although the South West compares favourable with other parts of England, England as a whole has poorer outcomes than the best international comparisons.

"Between 5000 and 10 000 deaths within 5 years of diagnosis could be avoided every year in England if efforts to promote earlier diagnosis and appropriate primary surgical treatment are successful"
International Cancer Benchmarking Partnership
1 year relative survival 2011
## Cancer Indicators

### Incidence

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator Ref</th>
<th>Data Source</th>
<th>Area Type</th>
<th>Time period</th>
<th>Target</th>
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### Diagnosis

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### Service Performance

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### Patient Experience

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<td>2015</td>
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<td>392.1</td>
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**RAG System**

Where recognised Target exists – Green = equal to or above Target  - Red = below Target
Where no Target exists – Lower quartile Red - Upper quartile – Green – Middle Half – Amber
Where data not available for quartiles or where no clear better/worse criteria is known – colour above average light blue below average dark blue

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**Lower quartile**

**Upper quartile**

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**Target**

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